



St. Francis Xavier's RC Primary School

History Unit Guidance and Formative Assessment

Year Group:	Year 4 Autumn 1	Subject:	History
Unit:	The Anglo-Saxons	Prerequisite Learning and Curriculum Links	<p>EYFS ELG Past and Present Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society; know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.</p> <p>Year 1 Life in the past Year 2 The Great Fire of London Year 3 The Stone Age</p> <p>Curriculum Links in Current Year Group Art –drawing skills - knot, ship, sword Experiential visit to Hereford Cathedral – King Ethelbert</p>

ROCKS (Remembering Our Curriculum Knowledge and Skills)

- King Ethelbert was beheaded by King Offa in 794 and is buried at Hereford Cathedral.
- Explain the term invader and settler.
- The regions of the world that the Anglo Saxons came from. The three main tribes that settled in Britain during the 5th and 6th centuries.
- Describe life in an Anglo Saxon village. The materials used to build an Anglo Saxon home.
- What the discoveries found in the Sutton Hoo tell us about Anglo Saxon life.
- Runes - used as a written form on communication. Runes were named after everyday words in Old English and that each rune represents a sound from the word.
- To explain how the Anglo Saxons converted to Christianity. The Lindisfarne Gospels are a single manuscript containing the Gospels of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John, which recount the life and teachings of Jesus Christ. It was written some between AD680 and 720 at the monastery at Lindisfarne in Northumbria. The Lindisfarne Gospels are significant as one of the greatest masterpieces of Anglo-Saxon art.

Progressive Journey:	Skills:
<p>To understand what is meant by invasion and settlement.</p> <p>The Anglo-Saxon invasion of Britain.</p> <p>Understand how the Anglo Saxons lived.</p> <p>The Anglo-Saxon discovery at Sutton Hoo.</p> <p>Anglo-Saxon Art.</p> <p>Anglo-Saxon writing.</p> <p>The conversion to Christianity.</p> <p>The Lindisfarne Gospels.</p>	<p>To use terms related to the period and begin to date events.</p> <p>To examine the evidence available to offer explanation for events.</p> <p>To reconstruct life in the past.</p> <p>To begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.</p> <p>To use the library and the internet for research.</p> <p>To choose relevant material to present a picture of one aspect of life in the past.</p>

Key Vocabulary
 Anglo, Saxon, Jute, Pict, sword, invader, invasion, settle, settlement, Ethelbert, Runes, Vortigern, Horsa and Hengest, King Offa, Mercia.